

# Magnetoresistive Properties of La–Pb–Mn Perovskites

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The  $\text{La}_{1-x}\text{Pb}_x\text{MnO}_3$  perovskites, with  $0.24 \leq x \leq 0.40$ , crystallize in a rhombohedral–type structure having  $R\bar{3}c$  space group. The resistivities increase from 5 K, up to temperatures  $T_m$ , situated in the range 184 K ( $x=0.2$ ) and 240 K ( $x=0.4$ ). At these temperatures there is a transition from metallic to semiconducting type behaviour. The  $T_m$  values are by  $\cong 100$  K smaller than the Curie points,  $T_c$ . The activation energies at  $T > T_m + 50$  K can be described by an adiabatic hopping conduction mechanism. The activation energies increase from 0.112 eV ( $x=0.24$ ) to 0.123 eV ( $x=0.4$ ). Possible mechanisms for the metal to semiconducting transition, at lower temperatures than  $T_c$ , are analysed. The field and temperature dependences of the magnetoresistivities, MR, were studied. At 5 K and in field of 7 T, the MR values are situated between 46 % and 49 % and decrease up to 25–30 % at room temperature. The intergrain tunneling magnetoresistance as well as the intragrain contribution, respectively were analysed as function of temperature and external field. The polarizations at 5 K are situated between 0.73 and 0.85 and decrease up to  $\cong 0.2$  at room temperature. The involved mechanisms in describing magnetoresistive behaviour are discussed.

← 13.4 cm →

## Subject category :

4. Spin Electronics and Magneto-Transport

## Presentation mode :

poster

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9.7 cm