FOUR-SPIN ANTIFERROMAGNETS: BEYOND THE ROTATIONAL BAND MODEL

Wojciech Florek, Leonard A. Kaliszan

A. Mickiewicz University, Faculty of Physics Umultowska 85, 61-614 Poznań, Poland

Nowadays synthesized magnetic molecules comprise several (n > 10) spins with relatively small spin number $s \leq 3$. In the case of antifrromagnetic couplings the rotational band model, satisfying the Landé interval rule, is frequently assumed to describe the thermodynamic properties of such a system. However, it can be shown that the *classical* Landé rule is not fulfilled in *quantum* spin systems besides some special cases. Among others, it is satisfied for four identical spins s placed in vertices of a tetrahedron, a square or a rhombus. To investigate influence of quantum effects we consider systems very close to those mentioned above: four spins s in vertices of a rectangle or an isosceles trapezium and three spins s in vertices of an equilateral triangle with a spin $\sigma \neq s$ in its centre. Also a ring of six small spins (s = 1/2, 1) is considered. In all these cases the thermodynamic properties can be easily determined, but we concentrate on *eigenstates* and spin-spin correlations.

— 13.4 cm —

Subject category :

2. Quantum and Classical Spin Systems

Presentation mode : poster

Corresponding author : Wojciech Florek

Address for correspondence : A. Mickiewicz University, Faculty of Physics Umultowska 85, 61-614 Poznań, Poland

Email address : florek@amu.edu.pl

 $9.7~\mathrm{cm}$