CURRENT INDUCED SWITCHING DUE TO SPIN-TRANSFER IN SPIN VALVES: MACROSCOPIC MODEL

M. Gmitra^{*a*}, J. Barnas^{*a,b*}, A. Fert^{*c*}, I. Weymann^{*a*}, V. K. Dugaev^{*d*}

^aDepartment of Physics, Adam Mickiewicz University, Umultowska 85, 61-614 Poznań, Poland

^bInstitute of Molecular Physics, Polish Academy of Sciences, M. Smoluchowskiego 17, 60-179 Poznań, Poland

^cUnité Mixte de Physique CNRS/THALES associated with Université Paris-Sud, Domaine de Corbeville, 91404 Orsay, France

^dDepartment of Physics and CFIF, Intituto Superior Tecnico, Av. Rovisco Pais,

1049-001, Lisbon, Portugal; and Institute for Problems of Materials Science, NASU, Vilde 5, 58001 Chernovtsy, Ukraine

We develop a macroscopic description of current-induced torque due to spin transfer in layered systems consisting of ferromagnetic films separated by a nonmagnetic layer. The description is based on the classical spin diffusion equations for the distribution functions inside the films used in the theory of CPP-GMR, and macroscopic boundary conditions for the longitudinal and transverse components of the spin current. Due to strong exchange field in ferromagnetic films, we assume that the perpendicular component of spin current is totally absorbed within the narrow interface region giving rise to the torque. Our model can be used to describe normal and inverse switching phenomena studied in recent experiments. We also present conditions, at which the steady precession states above certain critical current should occur.

– 13.4 cm –

Subject category :

2. Magnetic Films, Surfaces, Multilayers and Nanostructures

Presentation mode : poster

Corresponding author : Martin Gmitra

Address for correspondence : Department of Physics,

Mesoscopic Physics Division, Adam Mickiewicz University, Umultowska 85, 61-614 Poznań, Poland

Email address : gmitra@kosice.upjs.sk

9.7 cm