

# Magnetocaloric effect in alternating-spin Cu(II)/Mn(II)-based complexes

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Magneto-thermal properties of alternating-spin (1/2-5/2) coordination complexes with a general formula  $\text{Cu(L)}_i\text{MnCl}_4$ , where  $i = 2$  for  $\text{L} = \text{men, bmen, and dmen}$ , and  $i = 1$  for  $\text{L} = \text{dac, dpc}$  ( $\text{men} = \text{N-methyl-1,2-diaminoethane}$ ,  $\text{bmen} = \text{N,N'-dimethylethylenediamine}$ ,  $\text{dmen} = \text{N,N-dimethylethylenediamine}$ ,  $\text{dac} = \text{1,8-diallyl-1,4,8,11-tetraazacyclotetradecane}$ ,  $\text{dpc} = \text{1,8-dipropyl-1,4,8,11-tetraazacyclotetradecane}$ ). The structure of the compounds consists of covalent chains with alternating Cu(II) and Mn(II) ions for  $\text{L} = \text{men}$  and  $\text{bmen}$ , while covalent Cu(II)-Mn(II) dimers for  $\text{L} = \text{dmen, dac, and dpc}$  are formed. Measurements of magnetic susceptibility revealed the presence of a long-range order (LRO) in the complexes with  $\text{L} = \text{bmen}$  and  $\text{dmen}$  at  $\approx 45$  K. For complexes with  $\text{L} = \text{men}$  and  $\text{dpc}$  the LRO appears at 1.6 K and 3 K, respectively. A magnetocaloric effect was studied by the measurement of isothermal magnetization curves and the maximum change of the magnetic entropy during isothermal magnetization of the system was obtained close to 1.8 K for all complexes despite the magnetic ordering observed at much higher temperature in some of the studied complexes. Very high value  $-\Delta S_M = 37 \text{ JK}^{-1}\text{kg}^{-1}$  at  $\Delta B = 5$  T was estimated for complex with  $\text{L} = \text{bmen}$ , which is even higher than for some spin clusters with high-spin Mn(II) ions only [1]. The analysis of the  $n$  exponent of  $-\Delta S_M \sim B^n$  dependence close to the LRO temperature gives an insight into the critical behavior of the spin system [2,3].

## References:

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