## Non-hydrolytic synthesis of synthetic $MFe_2O_4$ (M – Mn<sup>2+</sup>, $Fe^{2+}$ , $Co^{2+}$ , $Ni^{2+}$ ) ferrite spinel and their incorporation into the polymeric matrix

<u>E. Piasecka</u>,<sup>1, 2</sup> R. Pązik,<sup>1</sup> M. Małecka,<sup>1</sup> B. Idzikowski,<sup>3</sup> Z. Śniadecki,<sup>3, 4</sup> and R. J. Wiglusz<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Institute of Low Temperature and Structure Research, PAS, Wrocław, Poland <sup>2</sup>Polymer Engineering and Technology Division, WUT, Wrocław, Poland <sup>3</sup>Institute of Molecular Physics, PAS, Poznań, Poland <sup>4</sup>INT, KIT, Eggenstein-Leopoldshafen, Germany

The series of the highly crystalline  $MFe_2O_4$  ferrite spinel nanoparticles were synthesized via modified Bradley reaction using microwave stimulation. Particle size of 10 to 20 nm was estimated using Scherrer and Rietveld methods as well as TEM and dynamic light scattering (DLS). Hydrodynamic size was measured using DLS technique on non-modified, surfactant free particles of the whole  $MFe_2O_4$  series. Strong asymmetric behavior of the  $A_{1g}$  mode was found and deconvoluted revealing additional components. Among all of the products the lowest site inversion was found for the manganese ferrite  $MnFe_2O_4$ . Typical magnetic behaviour of the  $MFe_2O_4$  family was studied in detail.

The resulting stock particles were incorporated into the polymer PMMA matrix forming bulk and powdered composite organic-inorganic systems.