## Magnetism in R<sub>2</sub>RhIn<sub>8</sub> compounds

P. Javorský,<sup>1</sup> P. Čermák,<sup>1</sup> M. Kratochvílová,<sup>1</sup> J. Zubáč,<sup>1</sup> Y. Skourski,<sup>2</sup> A.V. Andreev,<sup>3</sup> B. Ouladdiaf,<sup>4</sup> and M. Boehm<sup>4</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Charles University in Prague, Department of Condensed Matter Physics, Ke Karlovu 5, 121 16 Prague 2, Czech Republic <sup>2</sup>Dresden High Magnetic Field Laboratory, Helmholtz-Zentrum Dresden-Rossendorf, D-01314 Dresden, Germany <sup>3</sup>Institute of Physics AS CR, Na Slovance 2, 182 21 Prague 8, Czech Republic <sup>4</sup>Institut Laue Langevin, 6 rue Jules Horowitz, BP156, 38042 Grenoble Cedex 9, France

The  $R_2RhIn_8$  compounds belong to a large system of structurally related ternary intermetallics in which the crystal structure can be described as a sequence of  $RX_3$  and  $TX_2$  layers, where R represent rare earth or actinide atom, T is a transition metal and X is In or Ga. The possibility of changing dimensionality in these materials by changing m and n ratio together with changing of T element gives scientists a big playground for tuning ground state properties of these compounds. In this work we present magnetic properties of  $R_2RhIn_8$  (R = Nd, Tb, Dy, Tb, Er and Tm) compounds studied by bulk and microscopic experiments. All studied compounds order magnetically, showing complex magnetic properties with several magnetic phases.