Spin-wave theory of spin-polarized electron energy loss spectroscopy (SPEELS) measurements in 5 ML Fe film deposited on W(110)

S. Mamica and H. Puszkarski

Surface Physics Division, Institute of Physics, A. Mickiewicz University Umultowska 85, Poznań 61-614, Poland

Detection of spin waves with higher wave-vector values is now possible with spin-polarized electron energy loss spectroscopy (SPEELS), a method recently reported [1, 2] to have been applied for detecting spin waves in a range of wave vector values covering in principle the *whole* Brillouin zone. This paper presents a comparison of spin-wave spectra resulting from our theoretical investigation with the corresponding SPEELS results obtained recently for 5 ML Fe film deposited on W(110) [3]. The model used here is based on a bi-linear Hamiltonian expressed in second-quantization formalism and covering interactions only between nearest neighbours. By considering the *mixed bcc-fcc* film structure (with (110) surface orientation) [4] we were able to explain the reported details of the observed SPEELS spectrum behavior indicating their surface mode origin.

^[1] S.N. Samarin, J. Berakdar, O. Artamonov, J. Kirschner, Phys. Rev. Lett. 85 (2000) 1746

^[2] R. Vollmer, M. Etzkorn, P.S. Anil Kumar, H. Ibach, J. Kirschner, Phys. Rev. Lett. 91 (2003) 147201

^[3] R. Vollmer, M. Etzkorn, P.S. Anil Kumar, H. Ibach, J. Kirschner, J. Magn. Magn. Mater. 272–276 (2004) 2126

^[4] A. Biedermann, R. Tscheließnig, M. Schmid, P. Varga, Phys. Rev. Lett. 87 (2001) 086103